



# GEOGLAM RAPP sites in South Africa

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## Earth Observation Directorate

### Our core business

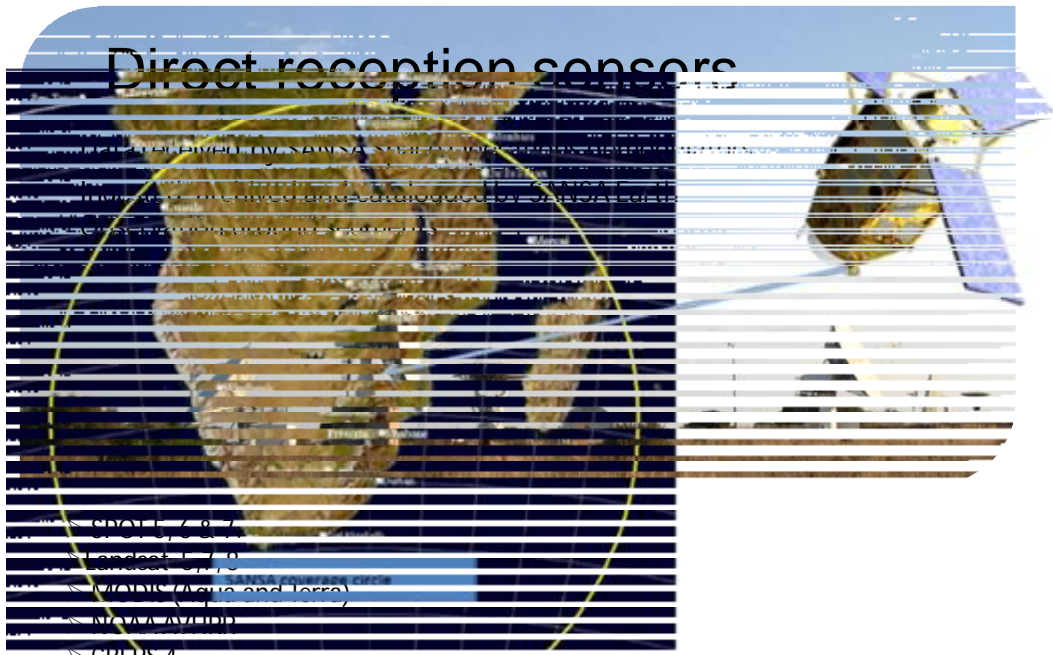
- Data reception
  - Archive
  - Data processing
  - Data dissemination
  - Geo-information Products & Applications
- Sensor Portfolio Management & Data reception
  - Data Archiving, Processing & Dissemination
  - Geo-information Products & Applications



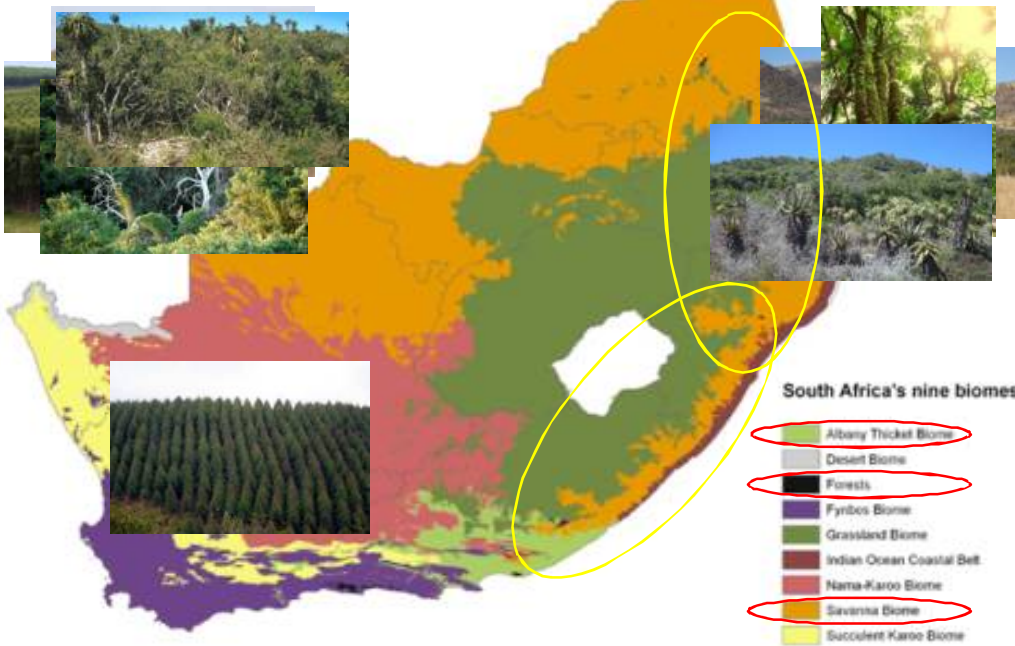
#### Contribute to

- greater utilisation of earth observation in addressing day-to-day societal problems & needs
- better planning & decision making; performance monitoring; environmental & resource management; disaster management; national Food security & health

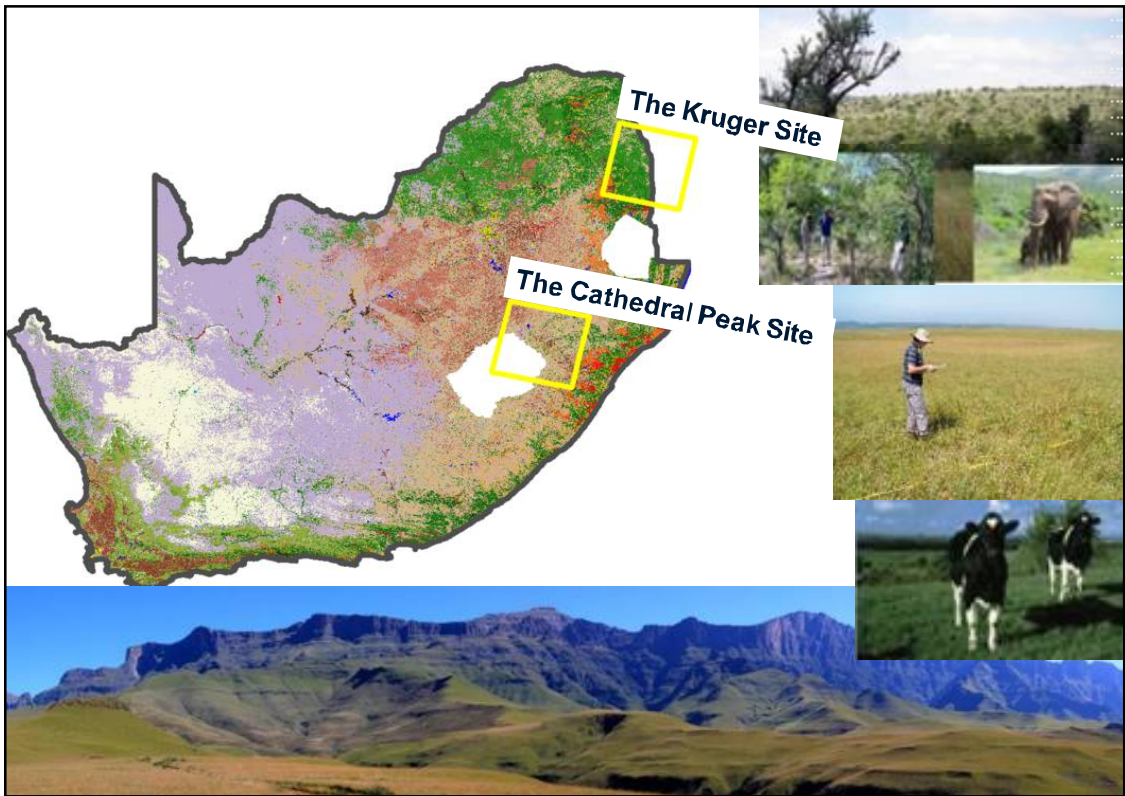
# Direct reception sensors



## Grassland and "Forested" landscapes in South Africa



Shrublands are defined as woody vegetation with a canopy height of 2-5m, and are typically composed of trees and shrubs, height < 5m



## Threats

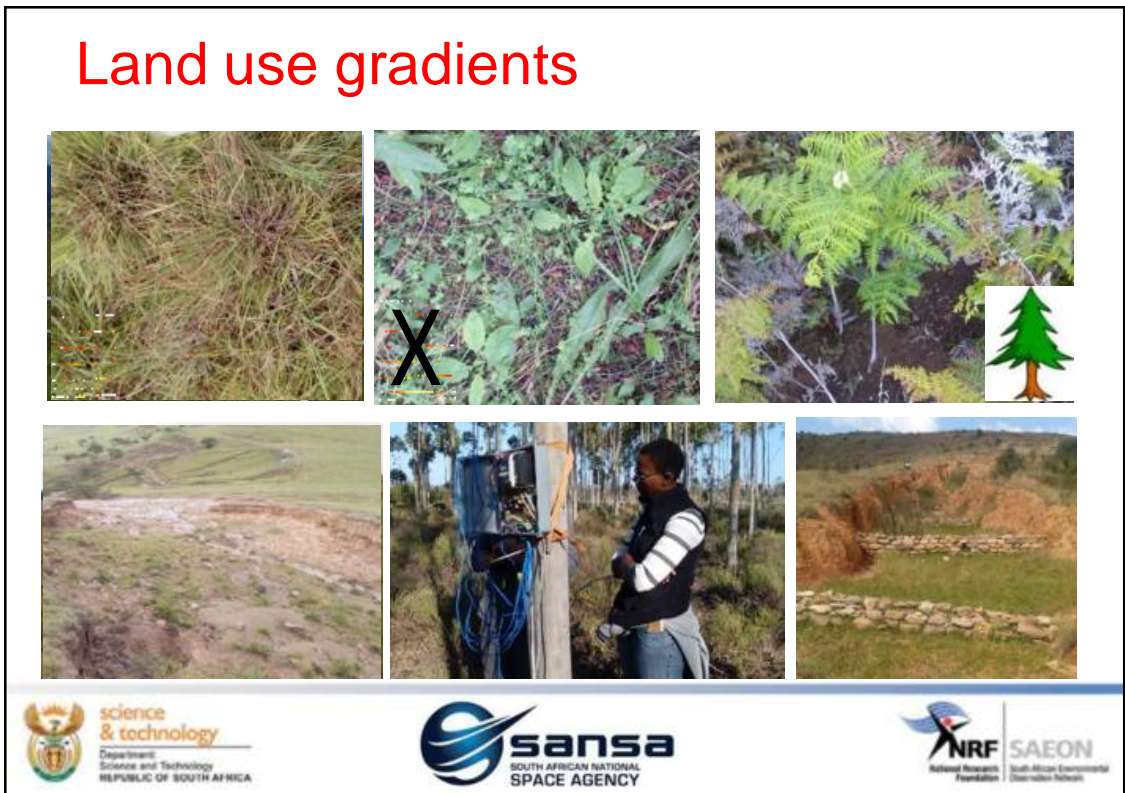


- Mining
- Forestry
- Climate  $\Delta$
- Development
- Transformation
  - D. Jewitt
  - Land-use
  - Land-cover
  - C3-C4





## Land use gradients





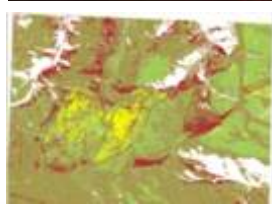
## Biodiversity shifts

### Rangelands

- Assess relative impacts of local & global drivers on vegetation dynamics over time.
- **Structure, cover, composition**
- Implications for **secondary productivity?**

1945

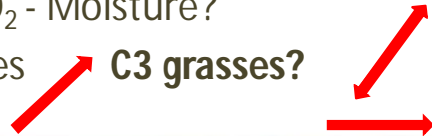
2011



## Rangeland vegetation

- Climate envelopes
- Fire as a local driver
- Land use- grazing impacts
- C3-C4 dynamics
  - Temp - CO<sub>2</sub> - Moisture?
  - C3 woodies → C3 grasses?

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## Water delivery



Is there a change in quality & quantity of water delivered?



- **Climate** & streamflow data
- Infilling & Cross Calibration
- Change detection
- Water balance: **Processes**
- Water Quality





# Carbon Dynamics



Source or sink?

Current and under climate & landuse  $\Delta$



- Stocks & Fluxes
  - Eddy co, Soils
  - (Respiration), (LAI), Biomass
- NEE
  - Phenology
  - Time since fire
  - Elevated temperature



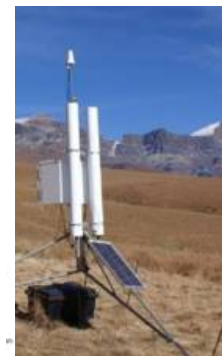
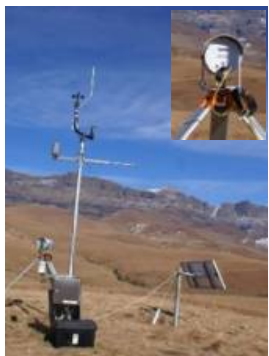
# Earth system processes & feedbacks



What is the Net effect?

$\alpha$  Landuse – climate  $\Delta$  trajectories (COP21)

- Biodiversity
- Climate data
- Water balance
- Carbon
- Soil Moisture (COSMOS)
- Energy balance



V. Arora., Rev. Geophys., 2002 40(2), 1006., 2002.



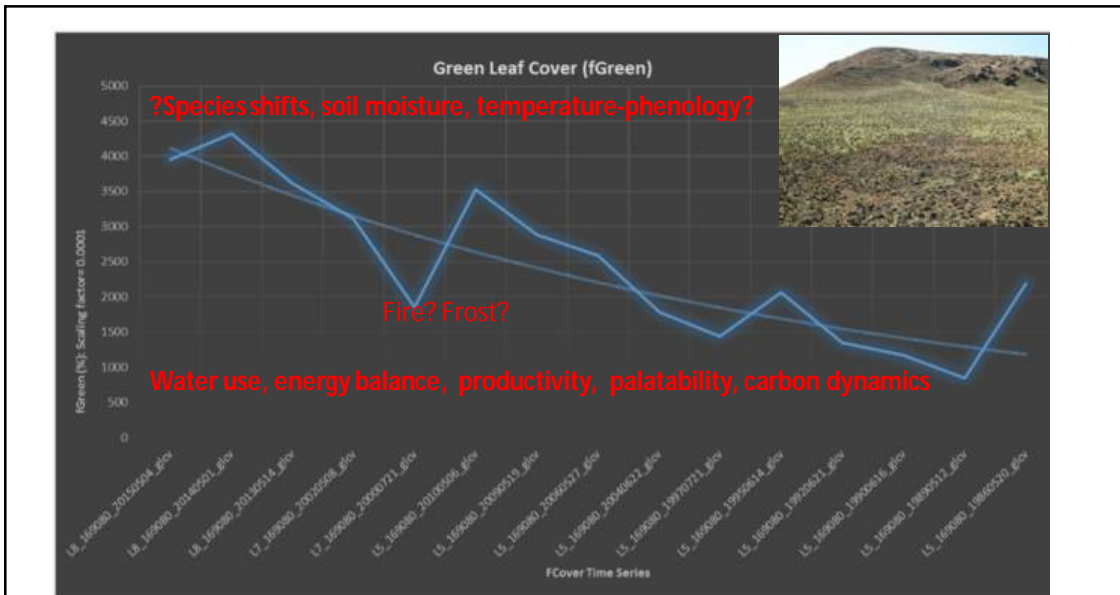


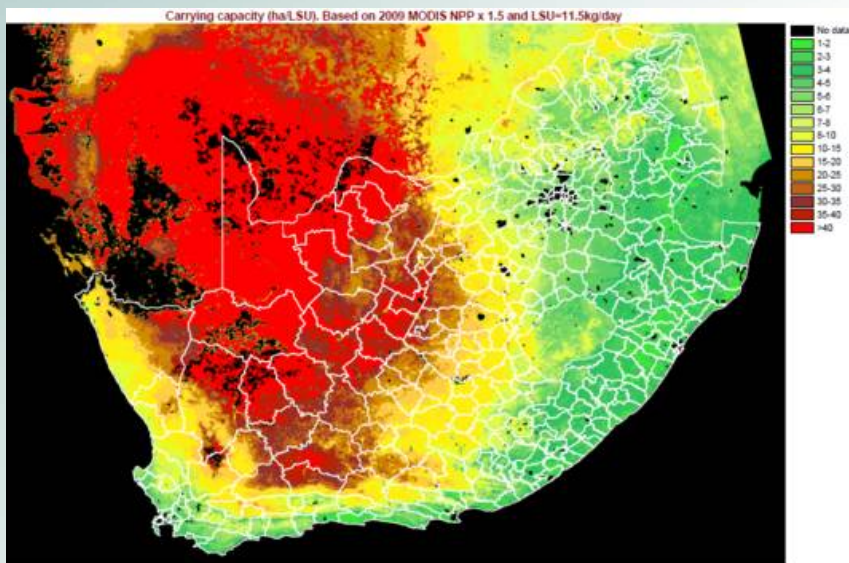
Figure 1 Time series FCover of winter-green grass cover profile, using n= 206 samples.



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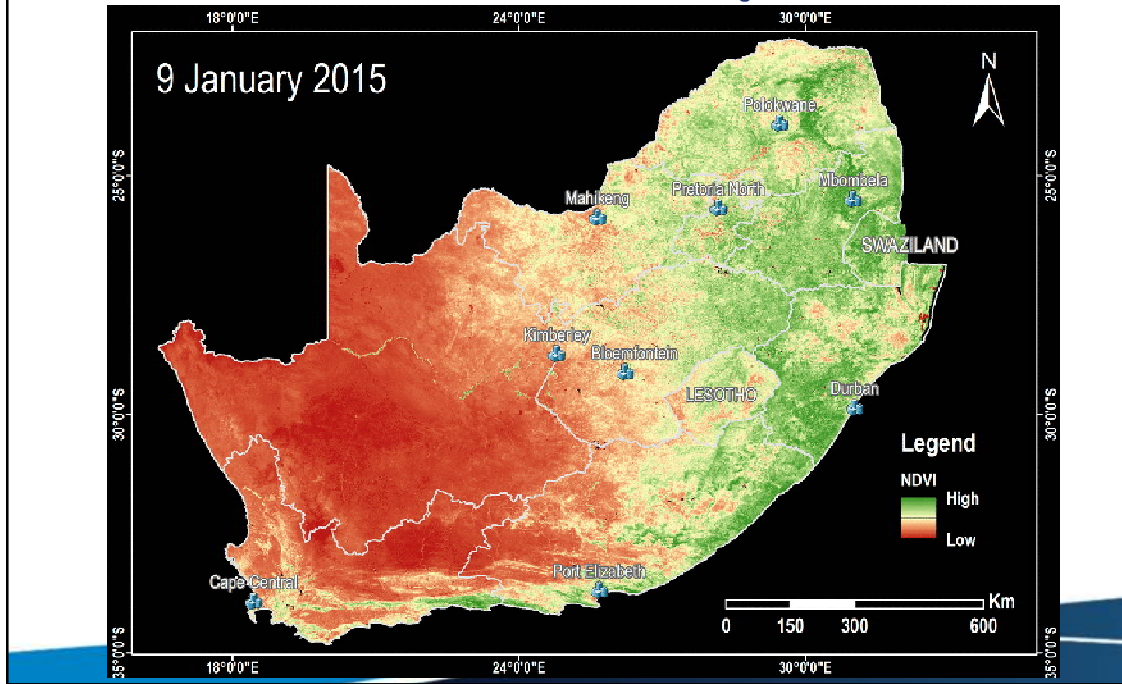


## Grazing capacity map for RSA: policy

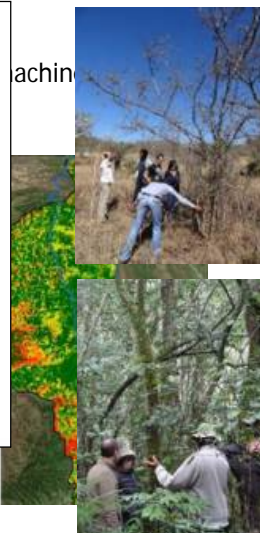
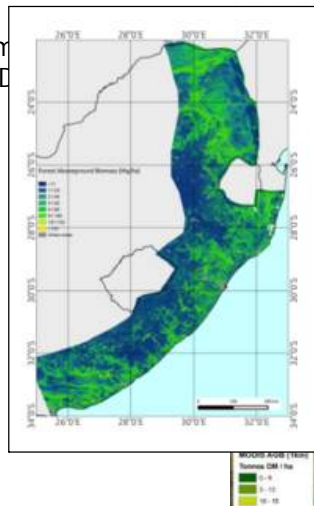
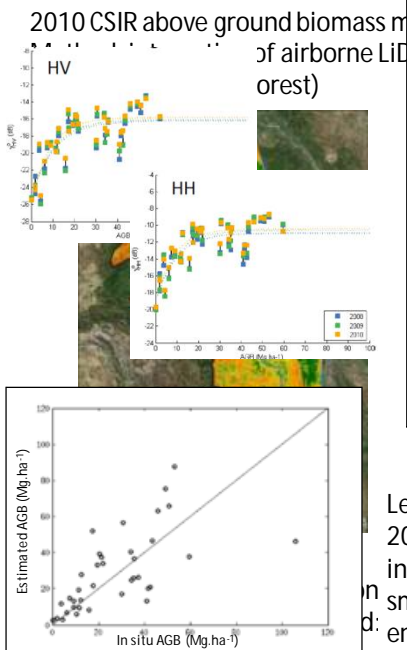


## Application examples

## Long-term time Series of Satellite-derived Vegetation Indices



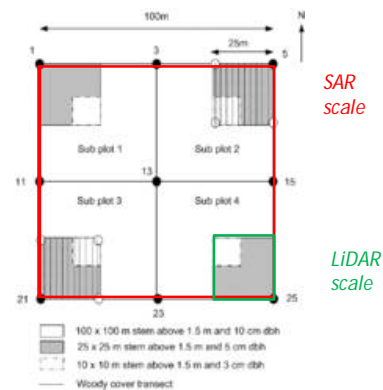
## Biomass mapping in South Africa



Le Toan & team  
 2005/2010/2015 CESBIO-CSIR above ground biomass map  
 in SA forest belt; method: semi empirical methods, use  
 small number of cal plots, MIPERS SAR simulator (forest/  
 env parameters), water cloud models & Bayesian inversion

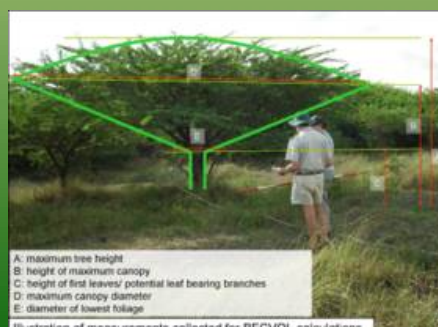
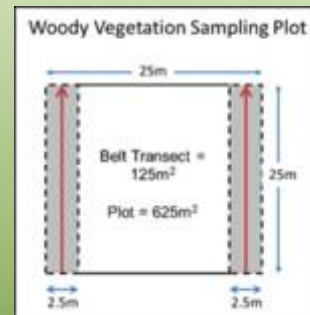
## Field sampling effort – above ground biomass

- 1 ha square plots (cal/val LiDAR & SAR)
  - Height & DBH
  - Species
- ~ 100 plots over various veg types
- Allometric equations



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

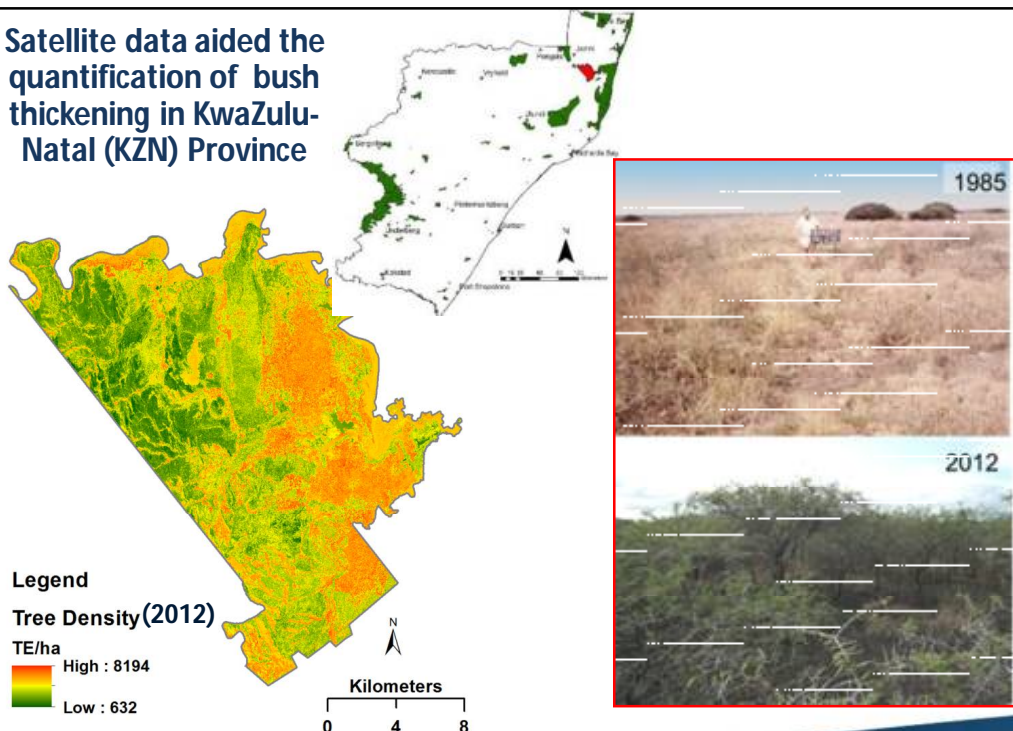
- Client driven projects:
  - Commercial agriculture & subsistence agriculture
  - Game farming sector
  - Conservation sector
  - Risk & Disaster
- Range condition, carrying capacity & management planning recommendations
- Type of data collected:
  - Herbaceous species composition
  - Standing herbaceous biomass
  - Woody vegetation composition, phytomass & browseable material
  - Soil properties
- Project areas: 50 – 50 000 ha
- 80 – 120 sites per annum covering between 20 000 and 80 000 ha



A: maximum tree height  
 B: height of maximum canopy  
 C: height of first leaves/ potential leaf bearing branches  
 D: maximum canopy diameter  
 E: diameter of lowest foliage

Illustration of measurements collected for BECVOL calculations

## Satellite data aided the quantification of bush thickening in KwaZulu-Natal (KZN) Province



## Data Requirements

| Variables/Parameters   | Spatial Resolution | Spectral Resolution   | Temporal frequency                        |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Biomass (AGB): woody & grass/herbaceous  | 20-30 m            | Pan-VIS-NIR/ SAR data | Updated monthly over the growing season   |
| Grazing/Browse capacity maps and stocking rate   | 10-20 m            | VIS-NIR               | Updated seasonally and on demand requests |
| Vegetation condition/ status indicators  | 10-20 m            | Pan-VIS-NIR-SWIR- TIR | Weekly during growing season              |
| Plant type identification  | 0.5-5 m            | Pan-VIS-NIR-SWIR      | Growing season/yearly products            |
| High resolution drought monitoring/assessment  | 50 m ±             | VIS-NIR-SWIR-TIR      | Monthly products                          |
| Vegetation Indices: NDVI, SR, SAVI, EVI  | 10-30 m            | VIS-NIR               | Monthly or bi- weekly                     |
| Biophysical variables: LAI, fPAR, FAPAR, FCover, leaf Chl, canopy nitrogen, Leaf Area Index, Soil fraction | 5-20 m             | VIS-NIR               | Monthly or bi-weekly                      |
| Cloud free surface reflectance products  | 10-50 m            | VIS-NIR-SWIR-TIR      | Monthly or bi-weekly                      |

